

**Sri B. D. JATTI.**—The difficulties which were there have been got over. If new difficulties arise, we will have to think of getting over those difficulties.

**Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI.**—May I know by the end of the Third Plan how much power you will require? Will there be shortage or will it be equal?

**Sri B. D. JATTI.**—Probably we will meet with the demand.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—Sir, may I know the number of generating units in Sharavathi First Stage and Second Stage that are expected to function by the end of Third Plan?

**Sri B. D. JATTI.**—I have explained in detail. Perhaps the Hon'ble Member was not attentive.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—I want to know the number of generating sets that will be commissioned.

**Sri B. D. JATTI.**—Roughly by the end of December 1963, two units will be commissioned. Then after every six months, two units will be commissioned. So, we hope all the ten units will be commissioned by the end of Third Plan.

**ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಸುಶೀಲಾಬಾಯಿ ಹಿರಾಚಂದ್ ಪಾ.**—ಎರಕ್ಕುನಿಟ ಕಮಿಟಿ ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಬಿಜಾಪುರ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಗೆ ಎಂಜಿನ್ ಕೊಂಡು ಕೊಂಡಿರುವುದು ಯಾವಾಗ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ?

**ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.**—ನರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಡಿಸೆಂಬರ್ ಎಂಜಿನ್ ಕೊಂಡುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ರೀತಿ ಯಲ್ಲಿ ಲೈಟ್ ಕೊಡಲಕ್ಕೆ ಹಿಡ್ಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

**ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಸುಶೀಲಾಬಾಯಿ ಹಿರಾಚಂದ್ ಪಾ.**—ಈಗ ಇರುವ ಡಿಸೆಂಬರ್ ಎಂಜಿನ್‌ನಿಂದ ಉತ್ಪತ್ತಿಯಾಗತಕ್ಕ ವಿದ್ಯುಚ್ಛಕ್ತಿ ಅರ್ಧ ಊರಿಗೂ ಕೂಡ ಸಾಕಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಎರಕ್ಕುನಿಟ ಕಮಿಟಿ ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಪರದೇಶದ ಎಂಜಿನ್ ಬಿಜಾಪುರಕ್ಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅದು ಯಾವಾಗ ಬರಬಹುದು?

**ಶ್ರೀ ಬಿ. ಡಿ. ಜತ್ತಿ.**—ಈಗಾಗಲೇ ನಾನು ಆ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದೇನೆ. ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ ಅಣ್ಣಾರಾವ್ ಗಣಪುಖಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದು ಅಷ್ಟೇ ಹೊರತು ಮತ್ತೆ ಯಾವುದೂ ತರಿಸುವುದು ಕಾಣುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

**Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI.**—You have mentioned 'about hydro-electric power and diesel power. May I know whether thermal power is also produced by private people in Mysore State and if so, why it is not taken into consideration?

**Sri B. D. JATTI.**—The power produced by private persons is not taken into consideration. There is no

thermal power as such today. But there is a proposal by the Cement Works in Tumkur District to put up thermal sets.

### Sale of land by the Gadag Agricultural Produce Market Committee to the Hulkoti Primary Education Society.

\*Q.—368. **Sri K. P. GADAG** (Gadag).—

Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(a) whether Government have acquired land in or about the year 1942-43 in Revision S. Nos. 460, 461 and 462 of the Gadag-Betgeri Village for the Gadag Agricultural Produce Market Committee at Rs. 2,000 (Two thousand) per acre;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Gadag Agricultural Produce Market Committee has sold some acres of the acquired land to the Hulkoti Primary Education Society at Rs. 1,000 (Rupees One thousand) per acre;

(c) if so, whether Gadag Agricultural Produce Market Committee has taken necessary sanction of the Government before the said sale was effected?

A.—**Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE** (Minister for Co-operation and Development).—

(a) No.

(b) Yes.

(c) Not necessary.

**Sri K. P. GADAG.**—May I know in which year and for what price the Government acquired lands for the Gadag A.P.M.C.?

**Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA** (Deputy Minister for Co-operation).—In the year 1947, five acres and one gunta was acquired at a total cost of Rs. 12,202.12; in the year 1952, four acres and twenty-eight guntas at a total cost Rs. 12,967. 57; subsequently, another five acres have been acquired for Rs. 11,698.75. A total of fourteen acres and twenty-nine guntas have been acquired at a cost of Rs. 36,358. 44.

Sri K. P. GADAG.—What is the price per acre ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—On an average, it works out Rs. 2,400 per acre.

Sri K. P. GADAG.—In which year, the Gadag A.P.M.C. sold the land to the Hulkoti Primary Education Society and at what price ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—In the year 1960, it sold one acre and twenty guntas at Rs. 1,000 per acre and in the year 1961 it sold four acres and eight guntas at Rs. 1,000 per acre.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಸ್. ಹುರೋಟಿ.—ಯಾವ ಉದ್ದೇಶದ ಸಲುವಾಗಿ ಈ ಜಮೀನುಗಳನ್ನು ಅಕ್ವೈರು ಮಾಡಲಾಗಿತ್ತು ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—For the purpose of the Marketing society.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಸ್. ಹುರೋಟಿ.—ಆ ಉದ್ದೇಶ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಬೇರೆ ಎರಡನೆಯ ಉದ್ದೇಶಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಉಪಯೋಗ ಮಾಡಿರುವವರ ಮೇಲೆ ಏನು ಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಲಾಯಿತು ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—Recently, the Government have received some petitions about these things. The Government is competent to call for records of the proceedings of the Committee and pass such orders as they deem fit. They are instituting an enquiry now.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಸ್. ಹುರೋಟಿ.—ಬೇರೆ ಉದ್ದೇಶದಿಂದ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿರುವವರ ಮೇಲೆ ಮಾರ್ಕೆಟ್ ಕಮಿಟಿಯವರು ಏನಾದರೂ ಕ್ರಮ ನಡೆಸಿದ್ದಾರೆಯೇ ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—Subsequently, they felt that there is a need to acquire some more land and they have proposed for acquisition of 29 acres at Rs. 44,000.

Sri K. P. GADAG.—May I know whether the Government are aware that the Chairman of the A.P.M.C. and the Chairman of the Hulkoti Primary Education Society are one and the same person ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—The individual may be one and the same but the corporate bodies are different.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ವಿ. ಗೌಡ.—ಸೊಸೈಟಿಯವರು ಎಕರೆಗೆ ಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಂತೆ ಜಮೀನು ಕ್ರಯ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಜಮೀನು ಪಡೆಯಲು ಚೇರ್ಮನ್‌ರವರು ಜ ನ ರ ಬಾ ದಿ ಅನುಮತಿಯನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆಯೇ ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—Of course, under a resolution they have sold it.

Sri G. V. GOWDA.—Was the resolution passed at the general meeting of the Marketing society ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—I want notice.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ಇಷ್ಟು ಬೆರೆ ಬಾಳ ತಕ್ಕ ಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಎಕರೆಗೆ 1,400 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗಿಂತ ಕಡಮೆ ಮಾರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವೇನು ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—According to the opinion of the committee, it is for a laudable object like putting up a building for a hostel.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.—ವಿದ್ಯಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಗೋಸ್ವರವಾಗಿ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಕಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು ನಹಜ್. ಇನ್ನೊಂದು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗೆ ಧಕ್ಕೆಯಾದರೆ ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಧಕ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿದಂತಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೇ ? ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾರದಾದರೂ ಕೈವಾಡ ವಿದೆಯೇ ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—I have stated that I am examining the question.

Sri S. M. KRISHNA.—Has the construction of the hostel been completed ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—Yes, it has been constructed.

ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಎಸ್. ಹುರೋಟಿ.—ಈಗ ಆ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಅಕ್ವೈರು ಮಾಡುವುದು ಒಂದು ಉದ್ದೇಶದ ಸಲುವಾಗಿಯಾದರೆ ಬೇರೆ ಉದ್ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಮತ್ತೆ ಅಕ್ವೈರು ಮಾಡುವುದು—ಹೀಗೆ ಅನೇಕ ಸಾರಿ ಅಕ್ವೈರು ಮಾಡುವುದರಿಂದ ಏನಾದರೂ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನವಾಗುತ್ತದೆಯೇ ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—The Government is examining all these things and making enquiries in the matter.

Sri K. P. GADAG.—In view of the fact that the land is being sold at a lesser rate and that too without the permission of the Government, may I know whether the Government would enquire into the matter ?

Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.—In this respect, Section 7 of the Bombay Act is quite clear. Accordingly the committee is a corporate body and it has power, to sell, buy or lease the land. It need not come to the Government for sanction.

ಶ್ರೀ ಜಿ. ವಿ. ಗೌಡ.—ನರ್ಕಾರ ಯಾವ ಉದ್ದೇಶಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ಅಕ್ವೈರುಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೋ ಆ ಉದ್ದೇಶ ಸಾಧನೆ ಯಾಗದಿದ್ದರೆ ಲ್ಯಾಂಡ್ ಅಕ್ವೈಸಿಷನ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಆ ಜಮೀನನ್ನು ವಾಪಸ್ಸು ಪಡೆಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಈಗ ಅವಕಾಶ ವಿದೆಯೇ ?

Mr. SPEAKER.—After it is acquired and made over to a particular corporation.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—The Government has power to resume that particular land. There is a provision in the Land Acquisition Act that if the purpose for which a land is acquired is not fulfilled, the Government may reconvey the land. If the land is not made use for the purpose for which it was acquired, the Government has power to reconvey the land.

**Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.**—Under Section 28 of the Act, the Government is entitled to call for records and if they are satisfied, they need not withdraw the acquisition.

**ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.**—ಈ ಅಗ್ರಿಕಲ್‌ಚರಲ್ ಪ್ರೊಡ್ಯೂಸ್ ಮಾರ್ಕೆಟ್ ಸೊಸೈಟಿ ಕಮಿಟಿಯೊಳಗೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಏನಾದರೂ ಹಣವನ್ನು ಹಾಕಿದ್ದಾರೋ ?

**Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.**—I want notice.

**ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.**—ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಈ ಕಮಿಟಿಯೊಳಗೆ ನಾಮಿನೇಷನ್ ಇಡಬೇಕಾದರೋ ?

**Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.**—There are three nominees in every Marketing society.

**ಶ್ರೀ ಸಿ. ಜೆ. ಮುಕ್ಕಣ್ಣಪ್ಪ.**—ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಈ ಕಮಿಟಿಯೊಳಗೆ ನಾಮಿನೇಷನ್ ಇಡಬೇಕಾದರೋ ಯಾವ ತತ್ವವನ್ನು ಅನುಸರಿಸುತ್ತೀರಿ ?

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—From acquisition, we have come to the principles of nomination.

**Sri C. J. MUCKANNAPPA.**—I want to know what the Directors were doing?

**Mr. SPEAKER.**—Under section 28, no Sanction of the Government is necessary.

**Sri G. V. GOWDA.**—May I know whether the nominees have given their consent to the resolution ?

**Sri KONDAJJI BASAPPA.**—I am examining that question.

### Decision taken to abolish the Three-Year Diploma Course in Medicine.

\*Q.—356. **Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI** (Afzalpur).—

Will the Government be pleased to state :—

(a) whether a decision has been taken by the Government to reverse the decision of the Jatti Ministry last year to introduce a three-year diploma course in Medicine ;

(b) if the answer to (a) above is in the affirmative, what are the compelling reasons to make such a sudden shift in policy ;

(c) the future of the 250 students who were admitted to these schools ?

**A.—Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA** (Minister for Health).—

(a) Yes.

(b) The Indian Medical Council has taken a decision to abolish the licentiate course in Medicine as it leads to more than one basic standard in Medical Profession. It was also felt that the students of the Medical School could not be trained to come up to the basic minimum standard within the prescribed period of 3½ years. Further, the students from these Medical Schools are barred to qualify themselves for condensed M.B.B.S., as the Diploma proposed to be given to the students is not recognised either by the University of Mysore or the Karnatak University.

(c) All the students of the Medical Schools at Shimoga and Bijapur will be admitted to the Pre-professional Course in the Government Medical Colleges.

**Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI.**—Is it not a fact that the Jatti Ministry thought that medical licenciates who have undergone a shorter course would be better than not having any doctors at all and therefore they introduced the diploma course ?

**Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.**—I do not think the opinion of the Government was that the licenciates' course was better than the degree course.

**Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI.**—Is it not a fact that shorter course of licenciates would be better than having no doctors at all in the rural areas ? Was that the reason or not ?

**Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.**—That was the reason.

**Sri ANNA RAO GANAMUKHI.**—If so, by abolishing this course how can the Government meet the demand of rural areas ?

**Sri K. NAGAPPA ALVA.**—The Government can meet the demands of the rural areas by other methods.